# Government of the District of Columbia Office of the Chief Financial Officer



## **Fitzroy Lee**

Interim Chief Financial Officer

#### **MEMORANDUM**

TO: The Honorable Phil Mendelson

Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia

FROM: Fitzroy Lee

**Interim Chief Financial Officer** 

DATE: September 7, 2021

SUBJECT: Fiscal Impact Statement - Flood Resilience Amendment Act of 2021

REFERENCE: Draft Bill as provided to the Office of Revenue Analysis on September 2,

2021

### Conclusion

Funds are sufficient in the fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2025 budget and financial plan to implement the bill.

## **Background**

The Mayor must review all building permit applications for new construction or substantial improvements to assess the building's risk of flooding and determine whether the building is located within a flood hazard location. If the building is located in an at-risk location, then the Mayor can require that project's design, materials, and methods are sufficient to protect against the flooding.<sup>2</sup>

The bill further authorizes the Mayor to issue rules designating areas of flood hazard in the District and requiring flood insurance as a condition of occupancy for the new construction or substantial improvement project within a flood hazard location.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  The bill newly defines a flood hazard location as a location within the Flood Hazard Area on the District's Flood Insurance Rate Map or a location designated by the Mayor through rulemaking.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> District of Columbia Applications Insurance Implementation Act, effective May 26, 1976 (D.C. Law 1-64; D.C. Official Code § 6-501).

The Honorable Phil Mendelson FIS: "Flood Resilience Amendment Act of 2021," Draft Bill as provided to the Office of Revenue Analysis on September 2, 2021

## **Financial Plan Impact**

Funds are sufficient in the fiscal year 2022 through fiscal year 2025 budget and financial plan to implement the bill. The Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs (DCRA) issues building permits and certificates of occupancy and would need to ensure that a building meets the flood insurance requirement if the Mayor imposes such a requirement with the bill's authority. DCRA would need to update its information technology system to verify this information. DCRA will need to spend approximately \$3,400 to update its information technology system, which the agency can absorb within its existing budgeted resources. The bill's potential flood insurance requirement could result in new flood insurance policies and rates in the District that would require the Department of Insurance, Securities, and Banking's (DISB) approval. DISB can absorb the cost of any additional policy or rate reviews within its existing budgeted resources.